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Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

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CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

Western Lines Worried Over the

Matter of Basing Rates.

ALL AT SEA AGAIN

Appointment of Receivers for the Union Pacific Company Has Embarrassed the Association.

The appointment of the Union Pacific receivers has proved a serious embarrassment to the Western Passenger Association, for the reason that the association has no idea in what way the receivers will regard it. As a rule, receivers have been against the railway associations. Yesterday General Passenger Agent Lomax, of the Union Pacific, announced that the resolution passed yesterday by the association on the matter of basing on cut rates was satisfactory to his line, and would be accepted. The Union Pacific then gave up the request for a change in the association method of doing business, save that it asked that the clause of the agreement which says that when an association line is forced to meet a competitive rate made by a nonassociation line, it can do so, with the consent of the chairman, "within or without" the association, be changed to read, "within the association." This practically lets down the bars of the association lines when it comes to meeting competition. The request was granted and the reading changed. When Mr. Lomax agreed that the Union Pacific would remain in the association he was ignorant of the appointment of the receivers. Later, when the information came, he hedged, saying he was unable to promise anything, as he was without instructions, and could not tell what the wishes of the receivers would be.

Felton's Plain Language. In railway and business circles S. J. Felton, president and now receiver of the Queen & Crescent, is looked upon as being a very prudent and competent railway officisi, and the manner he has handled the cutting down of expenses has strengthened the belief in his marked ability. He practically says, in a circular to the trainmen: "I shall not cut your wages, but I expect you to now attend to business." The circular is a plain talk to the men employed by the company. It goes into an exposition of the financial condition of the company, of the traffic handled, and presents the very lowest possible cost without interfering with the excellence of the service rendered. It practically says that the employes will not be reduced, or the force curtailed in point of numbers. All employes are, however, called upon to use every precaution to avoid trouble of every kind-wrecks, collisions, destruction of cattle, loss of freight and other unnecessary and costly expenses, and to assist the comny in keeping the output for operation at minimum. Engineers are particularly urged to be careful, and to a man they grasp the situation and will be even more careful than they always have been.

After the Pennsylvania's Scalp. The Ohio river lines are accusing the Pennsylvania of flooding the markets with tickets reading from Chicago to Cincinnati. The tickets, moreover, are said to be good for twenty instead of ten days, as the ogreement provides. The Pennsylvania's competitors declare it has been guilty of a gross breach of the agreement, and will have the matter investigated.

Personal, Local and General Notes. The Vandalla has considerably increased its quota of cars in the Union line. Superintendent Mansfield, of the Indianapolls & Vincennes, is expected home today from the world's fair. Frank Sheridan, late with the Louisville.

Evansville & St. Louis, has been appointed train dispatcher on the Chicago & Alton. The directors of the Kentucky & Indiana Bridge Company have not as yet been able to agree on who shall be receiver of the property.

The Pennsylvania Company, yesterday, sent out of Indianapolis three trainloads, fifty-five cars in all, of live stock for New York and Baltimore. The Pennsylvania Company has ordered

250 box cars built at its shops in Fort Wayne, and will increase the number of working hours in a short time. General Manager Hopkins, of the Louisville, Evansville & St. Louis, says that the report that this company is accumulating

a large floating debt is untrue. The Brooks locomotive works vesterday notified General Manager Barnard, of the Peorla & Eastern, that two more of the heavy freight engines had been shipped. William Garstang, superintendent of motive power of the Big Four, gives notice

blacksmiths and boiler makers it It is stated that friendly traffic alliance is to be formed between the Ohio Southern and the Peoria & Eastern, they con-necting at Springfield, O., which will be

that the company now has all the machin-

beneficial to both interests. John Brunton, an old Bee line engineer, now chaplain and superintendent of the

emergency room, first division of the Denver & Rio Grande, with headquarters at Pueblo, is visiting friends here. Chas. Denier, for some months past head stenographer in the office of the general

superintendent of the Big Four, has retired, and goes to St. Mary's College, Kansas, to educate himself for the Catholic

On Monday last the official figures show that there were handled on the Big Four's Chicago division, west-bound, 6,485 passengers, and of this number 4,280 were landed at the world's fair grounds. A heavier business on Monday next is looked for. J. H. Sessions, general agent of the Peo-

ria & Eastern at Peoria, is in the city. As the Peoria & Eastern is the only road in this section which is holding its freight tonnage up to last year's volume, Mr. Sessions is proud of the quantity sent out from Peorla.

W. H. Higgs, locomotive engineer on the Big Four, yesterday closed his twentyfifth year as an engineer on that line, and during that time no employe on a train he was running or a passenger riding on any train his engine was hauling has been injured.

Some of the big freight engines purchased for the Terre Haute & Peoria division of the Vandalia have been transferred to the main line for hauling freight. These engines can haul readily thirty cars ever the road, which means sixty cars so

far as tonnage is concerned, as but few cars now are not loaded to their full ca-pacity, 60,000 pounds, while a few years ago 20,000 was considered a big load for one

Sumner Oaks, a Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago passenger conductor, who was a few weeks ago stricken with paralysis, died at Fort Wayne on Thursday night. He went to work on that road when seventeen years old. He was a prominent mem-ber of the Order of Railway Conductors.

The receivership case of D. D. Dykeman and others, of Logansport, against the Wabash company, is now being heard by Judge Capron, of the Fulton County Circult Court, and there are a number of legal men and railroad officials attending the trial. It is the old Eel River road case. The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers has two strong divisions in Atlanta, Nos. 207 and 368, and the two combined have a membership of over three hundred. Southern engineers have been misrepresented in the statements sent out as to their being unfriendly to Grand Chief Arthur.

The annual statement of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois for the year ending June 30 shows gross earnings, \$4,446,959; operating expenses, \$2,975,995; net income from the road, \$332.557; from all sources, \$389 298. One hundred and five thousand threendred and twelve dollars was paid in dividends, and the increase in net earnings was \$264,431, compared with last year.

The Chicago & Eastern Illinois, operating the Chicago & Indiana Coal road, is placing the latter in excellent condition, replacing weak bridges with new iron structures, laying new steel rails, increasing the number of ties per mile and doing a good deal of ballasting. When the road was built there was some inferior work done, which has made it quite expensive for the C. & E. I., now controlling it, to make

For nine consecutive days the Chicago division of the Pennsylvania lines has delivered Train 12 to the Louisville division, south bound. late, and that number of times Engine 120 hauled seven to nine cars from the Belt crossing to the Louisville bridge in two hours and twenty minutes, and one day it made the run in tw hours and fifteen minutes. With a train of that size the runs have been among the best recorded in this country.

Frank M. Ingalls, M. D., secretary and treasurer of the association formed to establish a home for aged and disabled railway employes, is much encouraged of late so much interest is being taken in the movement. The object of the home is the support and management of an institution for the care of totally disabled railway employes, and also for those whose age incapacitates them from performing any kind of railway duty.

twenty days the Big Four company will begin renovating its coaches and parlor cars. This is done to brighten them up for the fall and winter. The greater part of the passenger rolling stock was new last spring, but has seen good service during the fair. They are not up to the standard in vogue on the Big Four, and every car that is the least worn or tainted exteriorly will have to go through a pro-

cess of renovation. B. Webb, who for twelve years was an engineer on the Big Four, but who, five years ago, left that company to run an engine on one of the Atlanta roads, is spending a few days with friends here. He stated that when he went to the Atlanta road he is connected with it was hardly safe to run a train over, but now its track compares favorably with a majority of the Northern roads, and improvements

are still in progress. The conservatism of the Pennsylvania Company in the matter of maintaining freight rates is often burdensome on the Vandalia when the latter is desirous of meeting east-bound rates of competitors. While the Pennsylvania is laboring to get evidence of the cutting of rates the competing road makes many contracts. The Vandalla could meet rates of competitors by working in connection with some other trunk line, but the latter is slow to take the matter up, fearing it will lead to trouble with the Pennsylvaria Company. Freight officials of the Vandalia are of opinion that competitors are so ill informed as to the views of the Pennsylvania freight department on rate matters that they take advantage of the Vandalia's relations with the strong Fennsylvania line, yet it is well known that in the long run the Vandalia is benefited by the conservative methods of

WILL RESIGN IT

its eastern outlet.

Dr. Taylor Will Give Up the Pastorate of the First Baptist.

Trouble in the Church That Started in the Choir-Unusual Action of Some of the Deacons.

The early resignation of Rev. W. F. Taylor as pastor of the First Baptist Church may be looked for, as friction has arisen among the church membership which has led to dissensions and caused Mr. Taylor, if reports are true, to feel that it would be unwise for him to remain paster of the church. As usual, the trouble originated with the choir, the pastor having in some manner grieved certain members of the choir, and from a mole hill it became a mountain, and led to certain members siding with the grieved musicians. For some years the music committee of the church has had in view the substitution of a quartet for the large choir which the church has had, and while the pastor took no part in such a movement he has been the one who has been the most blamed by the choir and its friends. Naturally, when a church becomes divided, as has the First Baptist Church in this case, other minor faults of a pastor are exaggerated, and often without investigation, until the dissatisfied really feel they have a strong case. evenings ago when a number of the deacons of the church held a meeting at the resi-

The matter was brought to a focus a few dence of William Smock, the chorister, and one of the deacons of the church, and resolved that it was wise to have a change in pasters, and practically so informed Mr. Taylor. Of course this unusual method of doing things, when it became known, met with the disapproval of thoroughbred Baptists, who know that under the rules and methods of doing business by Baptist churches, when so important a move as this is thought of, the church membership is called together, and acts on the matter. It is not usually the business of deacons to select or dismiss pastors, and some who might favor a change in pastors of the church are quite indignant over the course the deacons pursued. Dr. Taylor was seen, and asked what there was in the report that he was to resign, and he said that he intended to do so, but was not prepared to state when such a step would be taken. He declined to say anything about the trouble in the church.

AMUSEMENTS.

There will be two more performances of "Darkest Russia" at English's, the matinee to-day and to-night. It is a strongly interesting melodrama, very elaborately staged and well acted.

Two performances of "The Old Soldier" will be given at the Park Theater to-day. Next week this house will have one of its strongest attractions in Miss Sadie Hasson in the sensational comedy "A Kentucky

The attractions announced for the city theaters next week are numerous and varied. At the Grand Monday and Tuesday evenings the Digby Bell Comic Opera Company will present "The Tar and Tar-tar" and "Jupiter." On Friday evening at this house Al G. Fields's Columbian Minstrels will give a performance. At English's Tuesday and Wednesday evenings Edward Vroom and a competent company will appear in Victor Hugo's "Ruy Blas," to be followed for the remainder of the week by Jefferson, Klaw & Erlanger's Comedy Company in "The Prodigal Fath-

er." in which Miss Maggie Cline is one of the principal attractions. There will be a change of bill at the Empire next week, commencing Monday, in the engagement of the London Galety Girls, a show that, it is claimed, has been pruned and strengthened since last season. The olio is very lengthy and includes several notable people, including the Foy brothers. comedians; George Davis, mimic; sisters Vedder, Parisian dancers; the Clark Razillians, aerialists; Smilax sisters, vocalists; the Doyles, Madaline Franks and others. The opening and closing burlesque serve to introduce many g novelties will also be introduced. Matinee

A Shining Mark,

Sozodont is a shining mark for the unacrupulous who seek to trade upon its established reputation, by representing valueless compounds assuperior to or similar to it. Put no faith in such representations. It has no equal as a producer of beauty and durability of the teeth. Accept no other instead of it.

THEIR TRIAL BEGUN

Mrs. Moore's Testimony Strong Against Her Son and Bristow.

Parker and McAfee Will Live Until January 5-Must Serve for Life-Heavy Damage Suit.

The preliminary hearing of Frank Moore and Tom Bristow, arrested for the murder of John Young, was begun before Justice Daniels yesterday afternoon. The only witnesses called were James Maley, a saloon keeper near West Indianapolis, who testified that he did not know Moore. Several persons say that Moore had been in the habit of loafing about Maley's saloon.

Mrs. Sarah Reed, the mother of Moore, who makes the affidavit upon which he and Bristow were arrested, was examined and reiterated substantially the statements already published. She was very firm in her testimony, and adhered to the same story throughout the examination. She said that her son came home about 2 o'clock the morning after the murder, and that he was covered with blood; about an hour afterwards, she says, Bristow came to the house and he had blood on his hands. Both boys stayed at the house till about 9 o'clock that morning, when they left. Her son was about the house during the afternoon. The night after the murder Bristow came to the house and told Moore that Young was dead That evening both of them left the city. Before leaving, Moore made his mother give him all the money she had. The examination was continued till 2 o'clock this afternoon. Mrs. Moore says that on Thursday at torney Hamrick and another gentleman

STAY OF EXECUTION.

her to leave the State.

came to her house and told her that if she

prosecuted these boys she might get her-self into trouble. She says they advised

Farker and McAfee Will Live Until After New Year's Day. Yesterday afternoon the Supreme Court ruled in the Parker and McAfee murder case by ordering a stay of execution. The prisoners were to have explated their crime on Nov. 3, but on account of the inability of the court to consider the petition for a new trial in the brief time allotted the date of execution has been postponed and will not be carried out before Jan. 5. Chief Justice McCabe, in his rul-

ing, said: "The court having inspected the motion of the appellants for the execution of the sentence pronounced by the lower court, and having examined the record in this cause, it is found that the punishment assessed by the judgment of the lower court is by death, and the time fixed for the execution is Nov. 3, 1893. It further appearing that it will be impossible to consider the alleged errors arising upon the record before the 3d day of November, the motion is sustained and the execution of the sentence is stayed until Jan. 1894. The clerk is directed to notify the

MUST SERVE FOR LIFE.

Supreme Court Confirms the Sentence of Thomas Davidson.

warden of the Prison North of the order."

The Supreme Court has affirmed the decision of the Whitley Circuit Court in the life sentence recently imposed upon Thomas Davidson, of Fort Wayne. Davidson, in 1890, was arraigned in the Allen County Court for the murder of his uncle, an old man, seventy years of age. The latter was a well-to-do farmer, residing outside the city of Fort Wayne. He was alone in the world, and invited his nephew, Thomas Davidson, to live with him, executing a deed to the young man for eighty acres of land, with the provision that the latter was to keep him during his natural life. Sometime after the execution of the deed the uncle and nephew quarreled, and Davidson, jr., left the farm. Shortly after-ward the old man instituted a proceeding to set aside the deed. A few days later he was found in his stable, dead, bearing the marks of suffocation. The nephew was arrested for the crime, and the case was venued to the Whitly Circuit Court, where he was found guilty of murder in the first degree. In his appeal to the Supreme Court the appellant alleged several distinct errors, but the Supreme Bench refused to recognize them and declined to reverse the decision.

FROM AN ENGINE SPARK. Cause of a \$75,000 Damage Suit

Against the L. E. & W. Railroad. Yesterday the transcript in a heavy suit for damages, in which the Lake Erie & Western railway is involved, was filed in the United States Court. The suit is brought from Delaware county on the motion of the defendants. The style of the case is C. H. Over et al. vs. The L. E. & W. Railway and The German Fire Insurance Company. The plaintiff, Over, is backed by fifteen fire insurance companies, the largest in America. The complaint sets forth the fact that the plaintiff operated an immense glass factory in the city of Muncie, which was burned, entailing a loss of over \$70,000. The complaint alleges that the fire was directly due to one of the L. E. & W. engines, from which sparks emanated on account of a defective

spark arrester. The mills were insured with various companies to the amount of \$38,214.95, which was paid. Then the insurance companies, with the proprietor of the destroyed mill, asked the railroad company to come forward with their share of the damages, and, on the refusal to do so, suit was instituted. The German Fire Insurance Company declined to become a party to the suit, and was made a de-fendant. The plaintiffs demand judgment

HIS FIRST SITTING.

in the sum of \$75,000.

Judge Stubbs Presides Over Police

Court-A Talk to the Police. A large docket of petty cases presented itself to the new judge in the Police Court, yesterday morning, and most of the cases were continued. When Judge Stubbs took his seat he made a short address to the officers of the court and police in the court room. He said it was a new position for him, and one with which he was altogether unfamiliar. He had been practicing law in this city many years, but had never had a case in the Police Court and was unfamiliar with its practice. The court, with the assistance of the police, was intended to suppress lawlessness and maintain peace and order within the city, he said, and he desired to ask that the police give him their united support in doing this. He wanted to do his duty impartially and well. Indianapolis, be said, had always borne a good reputation on account of its police protection, and upon the determination of the police to go their duty depended the continuance of this reputation. The power of the court to enforce the law, he said, largely depended upon the way in which the police did their duty, and he hoped and believed that they would not be derelict in this re-

Alleges Fraud.

Angelina F. McCann yesterday brought suit in damages against Allison C. Remy, asking judgment for \$400. She charges him with having converted to his own use Jersey cattle to the value of \$2,500, and the proceeds from the sale of horses to the

amount of \$1,000. Several days ago the husband of Angelina McCann brought suit against Remy to set aside certain mortgages, alleged to have been obtained by fraud. In this suit Mc-Cann alleges that, through fraudulent representations of Remy's agent, he had been induced to purchase the Spring Grove farm and dairy for a consideration of \$25,000. The alleged fraudulent representations of Remy's agents were made as to the profits to be derived from the business and the condi-

tion of the stock on the farm. Who Must Repair It?

John M. Birk, a dairyman, residing near Brightwood, yesterday filed suit in the Circuit Court against Trustee Gold and the County Commissioners for a writ of mandate to compel them to repair a highway near Brightwood. The commissioners and the trustee each claim that the other should keep the highway in repair, and in the meantime it has become almost impassable.

Outside Hackmen's Victory. The outside hackmen had their innings in the fight on the Frank Bird Transfer Com- names will be announced to-day.

STREET, SPACE CENTER SALES

pany's hackmen yesterday. In the Circuit Court, Judge Brown, yesterday, found John Moreland not gullty of violating the city ordinance prohibiting hackmen from solicit-ing patronage within fifteen feet of the Union Station. Al Blake was found guilty and fined \$1 and costs. Moreland is one of the outside hackmen and Blake is in the employ of the Bird company. The cases were brought to the Circuit Court on appeal from the Police Court.

Probate Matters. Dora B. Pitts yesterday qualified as the administratrix of the estate of James B. Pitts, and gave bond in the sum of \$100.

Elizabeth Zimmerman qualified as administratrix of the estate of John Zimmerman and gave bond in the sum of \$200. James P. Baker gave bond in the sum of \$3,000 and qualified as the administrator of the estate of Mary G. Graves. Edward Hutchinson was appointed administrator of the estate of Mabel B. Parkard and gave bond in the sum of \$2,400. Anna Wright, as the administratrix of the estate of Quincy Wright, gave bond in

Pleas in the Criminal Court. Arraignments were made and pleas entered in the Criminal Court yesterday as follows: Robert Walters, petit larceny. guilty; James Gray, house breaking, not guilty; Wiley Meyers, petit larceny, not guilty; Albert Linderholm, petit larceny, not guilty; Ed Welch, burglary, not guilty; Charles Wyatt and George Jones, burglary and grand larceny, not guilty; Charles Wyatt and George Jones, grand larceny, not guilty; Jacob S. Moore, emberglement not guilty; Jacob S. Moore, embezzlement, not guilty.

To Argue the Tax Cases. S. O. Pickens, of the law firm of Chambers, Pickens & Morris, left yesterday for Washington, D. C., where he will appear before the United States Supreme Court as the representative of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in the Marion county tax cases now pending in that court.

Sent to the Reformatory. Allen Gardner yesterday filed a petition in the Circuit Court, asking that his fourteenyear-old daughter. Myrtle Gardner, be committed to the Female Reformatory. He alleges that she is incorrigible and persists in associating with men and women of vicious

Talks "Shop" Continually Jennie A. Sterling, a school teacher, residing near Acton, was declared insane yesterday. She is twenty-four years of age and is possessed with the idea that she is teaching school all the time and punishing unruly pupils. She talks incessantly.

Littler, Cave et Al. The Meridian National Bank has filed suit against George W. Burnham, Joseph Littler and Singleton Cave on a note of George W. Burnham & Co. for \$1,000, dated April 26, 1893, and payable thirty days after date. They ask judgment for \$1,500.

THE COURT RECORD.

SUPREME COURT OPINIONS. 16217. Thomas Davidson vs. State. Whitley C. C. Affirmed. Coffey, J .- In prosecution for murder it is always competent to prove the motive which prompted or might be supposed to prompt a murder. It is also competent to prove any declaration made by the accused tending to show the relations between him and the deceased and the state of feeling between them to fully show the condition of things at the house of deceased immediately after the body was found. It was also proper to prove that the deceased was old and feeble, and that accused was young, stout and vigor-ous in support of the theory that deceased was suffocated by accused. 2. The fact that the cause was tried at special term does not render the verdict void, no irregularity

16316. John Munich vs. Rudolph O. Shaffer et al. Huntington C. C. Reversed. Howard, J.-The finding is not sustained by the evidence and a new trial is granted. 17098. John Parker et al. vs. State. Execution order stayed until Jan. 5, 1894.

APPELLATE COURT OPINIONS. 786. William Chaplin vs. John T. Free-land. Lawrence C. C. Reversed. Gavin, C. J .- Where there are no facts showing an emergency save the necessity for the immediate services of a surgeon and it does not appear but that the injured employe possessed abundant means to provide for himself it cannot be held as a matter of law that the employment of a physician or surgeon for such employe comes ordinarily within the scope of the duties of a general manager of an ordinary manufacturing business so that his principal is bound by such employment.

841. Samuel P. Oyler et al. vs. James S. McMurray. Clinton C. C. Reversed. Davis, J.-Where a promissory note with an indorser provided for a waiver of "all defenses on the ground of any extension of the time of its payment that may be given by the holder or holders to them or either of them." Held: 1. The stipulation is binding on the parties thereto and is enforceable, but necessarily destroys the ne-gotiability of the note as an inland bill of exchange. 2. A second extension of the note, however, discharged the indorser. 979. Wm. A. Fisher et al. vs. Abijah Jen-kins. Marion C. C. Affirmed. Ross, J.— The verdict will not be disturbed on the

Superior Court. Room 1-James M. Winters, Judge. Sallie D. Schmidt vs. Western Paving

and Supply Company; damages. On trial Levi Sutherland vs. John N. Hawkins et al.; to quiet title. Decree for plaintiff. John J. Cooper vs. James A. Cropsy; note. Cause dismissed and costs paid. Room 2-J. W. Harper, Judge.

Rebecca O'Brien vs. Peter O'Brien; divorce. Decree granted plaintiff. Room 3--Pliny W. Bartholomew, Judge. Charles A. Bookwalter vs. Resin R. Hammend; commission. Jury finds for plaintiff in the sum of \$574.60. McCormick Harvesting Machine Company vs. James W. Hensely; notes. Judgment for \$406.20. Bank of Commerce vs. Journal Job Printing Company; note. Dismissed and costs paid Bank of Commerce vs. Journal Job Printing Company; note. Dismissed and

costs paid. Criminal Court. Millard F. Cox, Judge. State vs. L. F. Coyle; petit larceny. Trial by court. Not guilty. State vs. Noah Robbins; petit larceny. Evidence partially heard and case con-

Circuit Court. Edgar A. Brown, Judge. City of Indianapolis vs. John Moreland; violating city ordinance. Appeal from City Court. Finding for defendant.

City of Indianapolis vs. Albert Blake: violating city ordinance. Appeal from City Court. Finding for plaintiff and judgment vs. defendant for \$1 and costs. Henry W. Webb vs. Bessie C. Webb; divorce. Decree granted plaintiff. NEW SUITS FILED.

Edmond White vs. The People's Mutual Benefit Society; on policy. Demand, \$500 Circuit Court. State ex rel. Allen Gardner vs. Myrtle Gardner; petition for commitment to the Female Reformatory. Circuit Court. The State ex rel. John M. Birk vs. Samuel N. Gold, Trustee, et al.; mandamus. Circuit Court.

Angelfa F. McCann vs. Allison C. Remy; damages. Demand, \$4,000. Superior Court Room 2. Indianapolis Steel-roofing and Corrugating Company vs. Mary O. Lefeber et al.; mechanics' lien. Circuit Court. The Meridian National Bank vs. George W. Burnham, Joseph W. Littler and Single-ton Cave; note. Superior Court, Room 1.

CITY NEWS NOTES.

The Southport Club will give a tournament on their grounds Wednesday, Oct. 18, with blue-rock targets. Marriage licenses were issued yesterday

to John Moller and Mary Peterson, Nel-

son F. Abrams and Mary F. Albright, William Cox and Hattle Adams. A. L. E. Guthrie, of Oakdale, Neb., writes to this city inquiring as to the whereabouts of his three sisters, Mary, Emma and Lizzie Peppers. They formerly resided in this city

with their mother.

Carter Temple, the colored police officer injured by an electric car on last Tuesday. is slowly improving, and the physicians state that he can recover. He will be confined to his room for some weeks. Articles of incorporation filed with the Secretary of State yesterday were as follows: Joseph-Rothschild Clothing Company, of Washington, capital stock, \$25,000; Citi-

zens' Natural-gas Company, of Manilla, capital stock, \$2,400. A caller at the courthouse yesterday took the umbrella of George Buskirk, deputy in the probate department. It was evi-

dently taken by mistake, as another was left in its stead. The umbrella taken was a present to Mr. Buskirk, and he was very much exercised over its loss. Governor Matthews is engaged in the appointment of the members who are to represent the Indiana real estate interests at the real estate congress which convenes at Jackson Park on Nov. 23. The members of the Indiana department are to be selected from different portions of the State. The

PAGAN BOB'S LECTURE

Robert G. Ingersoll's Interesting Talk on the Gods.

All of Them. He Contends, Were Made by Men-Greeted by a Fairly Large Audience.

Robert G. Ingersoll, the "pagan," the scoffer, the man of lovely character withal, lectured to a fairly large audience at the Grand Opera House, last hight, on "The Gods." Time is beginning to make silvery the few locks on the orator's head, but the voice is as rich as ever, and so flexible that it still can sink from the powerful in one breath to an undertone of tenderness in the next. It contains the same wealth of feeling, the same subtle fascination that makes men struggle to disbelieve what the voice would seek to convince. "The Gods" does not contain a great deal

of what Mr. Ingersoll has not said before,

but his arguments are perhaps more strik-

ingly presented.

The orator had as a background a stage vestibule, in which a nude statue (it might have been of Venus, it might have been a naiad, or it might have been of the woman of original sin) was displayed with calcium light effects Mr. Ingersoll was clad in evening dress, the coat of which, cut in the prevailing mode, with long tail, gave him the appearance of being, so one woman said, a genteel devil himself, with Mother Eve in the background to heighten the effect. The orator had quite a little to say about Mother hive, directly and incidentally. Walking to the reading stand provided, he began his lecture with a statement, very solemnly given, that ever since the world began the nations have been trying to get help from above or from their gods. Millions of prayers have gone up, thousands of self-imposed sacrifices have been made, agonies have been endured to propitiate these gods-and yet, queried the orator, what solitary request has been granted? Have these prayers avoided the miseries of the world, the crimes, the pestilences, the agonies? Has

thinker paused. All the old religions, the great religions of their day, have perished, and we only have their ruined temples left. Of what use were these nations' gods? The people of to-day are a practical people. Yet they invest millions of dollars to get something from on high. Thousands are hired to make weary the ears of heaven. Have they done any good? "We have got be-yond Revelations," said Mr. Ingersoll. "We have got to the practical text: 'What

any prayer been answered? Then the great

good have all these gods done?" He contended that the nations made the gods they worshiped, and that these gods were all patterned after men. The gods of the Africans were black, those of the Chinese yellow; where the god was one of the South Sea islanders he was great on the sea; where he was of the Arctic country he showed a fondness for whale blubber. These gods showed their gratitude to the nations which made them by persuading the nations to butcher each other. They were ignorant gods and cruel gods. The were gods that knew nothing of science These gods were all committed to errors of science; errors that are all patent to us now. "One of these gods," continued the speaker, "believed that he could lengthen the day by stopping the sun or blow down walls by blasts of a trumpet. You read that he commanded men to love him; that he compelled them to do so. You cannot command men to love you. You cannot compel them to love. Love is like the perfume of the human heart." It was insisted that according to the be lief in God that prevailed in the early days

of the church nothing was so pleasing to Him as the butchery of an unbeliever. For years the Templars battled against the hordes of Mohammed, suffering from hardships and disease, to rescue the empty sepulchre in which Christ was said to have once been buried. Did their God favor them? Did he assist them in defeating the In speaking further Mr. Ingersoll spoke n substance as follows:

Our ancestors had not only god factories but devil factories as well, and in nearly every case the devils have been more humane than the gods. Murderous orders, pestilence and plague were always sent, not by devils, but by the most merciful God. What a stain such acts would have left upon the name of the devil. Why should we suppose that the devil in another world inflicts tortures upon those who were his friends here? We borrowed

our devil, and the first account of him is found in Genesis, where he told our first parents that if they would eat of the fruit of the tree of knowledge they would have some sense. The devil was the first schoolmaster, the first advocate of education, and if the story be true he was the author of modesty. Some nations borrowed their gods, and ours is one of them. Our forefathers accounted for what they

saw, and manufactured gods, modeling them themselves, giving them ears, feet, and made them to speak the language of their own country. One Nation made a very good god out of a king of hearts. Above nature man cannot rise, below nature he cannot fall. Man formerly supposed that man was surrounded by good and bad angels. Even Christ taught that man could be possessed by devils. It was necessary to have a god to preside over them. Man supposed that the rain fell, the river ran, the tides rose and fell for them, while it is true that if there was not a man on earth everything go on just the same. The priest pretended to stand between the wrath of God and the fears of man. He was the attorney at the court of heaven, and made of his fellow-man a cringing hypocrite and a slave.

Millions have resorted to prayer. Did you ever know of any one producing a surgical operation by prayer? Did any one ever get back a lost arm? Some even pray to an allwise, all good and merciful God not to lead them into temptation. The Bible tells of many cases where the order of nature has been changed, but the witnesses are all dead. Animals used to talk, but not now. Women are changed into salt in order to keep a great event fresh in the minds of men. That muscular development could not depend on the length of hair, or the speaker would not have strength to stand up. The sons of God became enamored of the daughters of the earth, but he never blamed them

much for that. There was an old clergyman who took every occasion to prove to his little boy the goodness of God. One day he saw a crane wading in the water. His long legs are so arranged that he can approach the fish without warning, and showing conclusively the wisdom and goodness of God in so adapting the bird to obtain his food. The boy answered: "Yes, father, I see the goodness of God as far as the crane is concerned, but don't you think the arrangement is a little rough on the fish?" Could any god change the relation between the diameter and circumference of a circle, make twice three seven, or change things so that the shorter the lever the more you can lift? The church members insist that there is so much beauty that there must be a design. They never stop to think that a cancer is just as beautiful as a rose, and as well adapted to its position as an April rain. If a God created the universe, He created the fangs of snakes, and is accountable for every crime that is committed in the universe. The idea of an infinite personality is an influite impossibility. Nearly all scientific minds admit that matter must have existed from eternity. Think of the wonderful chemistry by which bread and meat were changed into the divine tragedy of "Hamlet."

Pluck from the endless chain of existence one link and you show as master. The founder of a religion must change water into wine and raise the dead. No one ever attempted to substantiate truth by a mirdepend on facts. It was said that in old times miracles were performed to convince people of the truth of religion, and he said to the church, "You are just as much in need of miracles now as you ever were." We know the moldy wonders. We want this year's facts. The witnesses of the old miracles are dead. It is useless to tell us of multitudes stuffing themselves with five At the parliament of religions in Chica-crackers and two sardines. Religion was go the followers of all religions met, and founded by a miracle, let it be sustained by its foundation. Let the church come forpeace. If the fact that a man has intelitgence shows that there must be an intellirence greater than his, why not say that God had intelligence, and therefore there | The first doubt was the womb and cradle must be a greater intelligence than His. of progress. When the priest ceases to be the mouthpiece of an unknown being, and becomes the interpreter of nature, that day religion is at an end. The tapers will die out upon the altars, the moths will feed upon the velvets of the altars and the Bible will take its place with the vedas and other books of the heathen.

The present is the child of the past. If slaves are to be freed, free them; if the naked are clothed, if the sick are cured, umphs. All must be done by man. Nature | right. neither weeps nor rejoices. She produces Mr. Ingersoll was warmly man without purposes, and destroys him the conclusion of his lecture.

A NEWSPAPER MAN.

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MAKES STATEMENTS WHICH THE PEOPLE SHOULD KNOW AND

THEY WILL INTEREST NOT ONLY THE NEWSPAPER FRATERNITY, BUT EVERYBODY.

UNDERSTAND.

The popular and well-known Thomas A. Lindsay, who is connected with Albany's (N. Y.) leading morning paper, the Albany Express, makes an interesting

Everybody connected with the newspaper has known of the facts for some time, and can vouch for their truth in every particu-

"For many years," said Mr. Lindsay, "I have been subject to severe spells of headache and nervousness at times almost enough to drive a man to insanity from

pains, loss of sleep, et ?. "Medicines, narcotics, patent and prescribed, did not give relief, and the ailment increased continually. Having read in the Albany Morning Express, at different times, the advertisement of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, I concluded to my this remedy, and after the use of six or seven bottles, found not only re-

lief, but almost a radical cure. "The headaches are a thing of the past, while the terrible nervous spells have gradually become less and less until now I have little or none of them left and my

sleep is natural and refreshing. "I do not hesitate in saying that this remarkable change is entirely due to Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. and I heartily recommend it for ailments like my own, no matter what the cause of

It is a fact that great business and professional men are fast finding out the wonderful invigorating and strength-giving powers of this most valuable discovery, Dr. Greene's Nervura, blood and nerve remedy. It is the medicine for the weak and nervous. It restores health to the sick. Its remarkable cure of Mr. Lindsay, after everything else had failed, makes another conscientious person, restored to health by its use, to add to the long and constantly

the papers statements of their cures by this grand medicine. It is, beyond all question, the greatest curer of disease known at the present day, and is the very best medicine for blood and nerves. It is purely vegetable and harm-

increasing list of prominent and well-known

people who are almost daily publishing in

less, and is sold by druggists for \$1.00. This great remedy is the discovery and prescription of the famous physician, Dr. Greene, of 35 West Fourteenth street, New York, who is the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases in this country. The Doctor can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

CHURCH NOTICES.

DIRST BAPTIST CHURCH - NORTHEAST Corner of New York and Pennsylvania streets.
Rev. W. F. Taylor pastor. Services at 10:45 a m. and
7:30 p. m. Young people's prayer meeting. Sunday,
6:30 p. m. Sunday school, F. W. Dongles superintendent, 9:30 a. m. General prayer meeting Thursday, 7:45 p. m. All invited to these services.

Christian. CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH—CORNER
Of Delaware and Walnut streets. D. R. Lucas
pastor. Subject 10:45 a. ni., "Simplicity in the
Christ;" 7:45 p. m.. "The Book of Genesis." Sunday
school at 9:30 n m., Howard Cale superintendent.
Y. P. S. C. E. junior society, 9 a. m.; senior society,
8:30 p. m., Ed. Gardiner leader. Prayer meeting
Thursday evening, Heary Holt leader. Ali are wel-

Congregational. PLYMOUTH CHURCH-CORNER MERIDIAN and New York streets. Frederic E. Dewhurst minister. Morning service at 10:45. Evening service, 7:45. Sunday school at 9:30 o'clock.

PEOPLES' CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Corner of Blackford and Michigan streets. Rev. James M. Lewis pastor. Preaching to-morrow by the pastor at 10:30 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday school at 2 p.m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 3:15 p.m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening, at 7:30. All seats

free. Strangers welcome. Episcopal.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH-CORNER NEW YORK and Illinois streets-Rev. G. A. Carstensen rector. Holy communion, 8:45 a. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon, 10:45 a. m. Evening prayer and sermon, 7:30 p. m. The rector will preach morning and evening.

CENTRAL AVENUE METHODIST EPISCO.

opal Church-Corner of Central avenue and Butler street. Rev. Henry A. Buchtel, D. D., pastor. Sermon at 10:45 a. m. and lecture at 7:30 p. m. Evening topic, "Buddhism." Suncar school at 9:20 a. m. Epworth League prayer meeting at 6:30 p.m. Ciass meetings Sunday at 6:30 p. m.; Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. Strangers cordially welcomed MERIDIAN-STREET METHODIST EPISCO-

York streets. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:39 p. m., by the pastor, Rev. C. N. Sims, D. D. Class meeting at 9:30 a. m. Sunday school at 2:15 p. m. Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:30 p. m. Strangers cordially welcome at all services. DOBERTS PARK M. E. CHURCH-NORTH. It east corner Delaware and Vermont streets. Rev. T. I. Coultas, D. D., pastor. Class meeting at 9:00 a. m. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m., by the pastor. Morning subject, "The Faces of the Cherubim." evening subject, "A Continuous Incarnattion" Sunday school at 2:15 p. m. Regular devotional meeting of the Epworth League at 6:30 p.

m. Regular prayer meeting Thursday evening, at 7:30 Strangers specially invited to these services. Prasbytarian. DIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH - SOUTH P west cor. Pennsylvania and New York streets Rev. M. L. Haines, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. Song service at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school meets at 9:30 a. m. The Christian Endeavor Society meets at 6:30 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH - COR-Joseph A. Milburn pastor. 1 reaching, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. in. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m. Young People's Society Christian Endeavor, 7 p. in. Prayer meeting Thursday evening, 7:30. Public invited

MEMORIAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH-Rev. Frank O. Ballard pastor. Preaching to-morrow at 10.30 s. m. and 7.45 p. m. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor at 6:45 p. m. Mr. Ballard will deliver in the evening his third sermon to young men and young women. Subject, "The Duty of Happiness. All are cordially

TABERNACLE CHURCH-CORNER MERID. I ian and Second streets. Rev. J. A. Rondthaler, D. D., pastor, Rev. W. B. Dunham associate pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. by the Rev. Charles Lit-tle. Sunday school at 2:15 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. 3:45 p. m. Preaching in West Washington-street Ch. pel at 10:30 a. m., and Mt. Jackson Chapel at 7:30 p. m., by associate pastor.

without regret. She knows neither smiles nor tears, and she knows not the difference between the poison of the serpent and the mercy in the heart of man. Only in man himself do these sentiments appear, and he is, as far as is known, the highest intelligence. Even patent medicine will cure more than all the prayers ever offered. As long as every question is answered by

the word God, scientific progress is impossible. During the cholera in Madrid & few years ago the people mobbed the drug stores and doctors, and carried the host acle; truth would scorn such assistance; through the streets and prayed to God to save them from the plague. Who can imagine a kind God, creating things so that acimals devour each other, and every mouth is a slaughter house, every stomach a tomb, every tooth a monument to departed millions. As an improvement on the earth he would make good health catching

instead of disease. each told his religion, which was found to be a code of morals, to which was added ward with a live miracle, or forever hold its | the worship of some god and a few idiotic ceremonies. Cholera, yellow fever and smallpox are still heavenly weapons, but measles and ague are left to natural causes.

The first astronomer was branded with the name of insidel, and astronomy has had her revenge and not a star in the heavens has a Christian name. Reason, observation and experience is the

Holy Trinity which teaches us that happi-

ness is the only good, that the place to en-

foy it is here and that the time to enjoy it is now. When religion shows a god who can offer more than this to him will we kneel in justice is done, and the right finally tri- reverence, but until then let us stand up-

Mr. Ingersoll was warmly applauded at